

Training Format: In-person presentation and case scenario discussion or virtual learning.



## PRE-TRAINING ASSESSMENT ANSWER GUIDE

	Answers
1. Pressure from family, nursing staff or physician to hospitalize the patient is a cause of patient transfers.	<b>True</b>
2. A resident decided to stay at her skilled nursing facility to have IV antibiotics to treat a urinary tract infection. This means that if her condition worsens, she cannot go to the hospital.	<b>False</b>
3. "I listen to the doctor, listen to the nurses, and then I come to my own decision." This statement is an example of which type of bias? A. Anchoring bias	<b>A</b>
4. Which environmental factors and/or physical limitations can influence the patient experience in an ambulance ride to the emergency room? D. All of the above	<b>D</b>
5. Risks of going to the hospital include all of the following except: C. Access to complex tests	<b>C</b>
6. To set the stage for a thoughtful discussion, do all of the following except: D. Lead with clearly stating your clinical recommendations	<b>D</b>
7. When are the BEST times to have discussions with patients and their representatives about hospitalization: A. Before a crisis occurs, during care conferences, when a change of condition occurs.	<b>A</b>
8. What is the first step in an 8-Step Goals of Care Conversation? B. Review previous discussions and documented wishes for care	<b>B</b>

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## POST-LEARNING ASSESSMENT ANSWER GUIDE



	Answers
1. A resident decided to stay at her skilled nursing facility to have IV antibiotics to treat a urinary tract infection. This means that if her condition worsens, she cannot go to the hospital.	<b>False</b>
2. Pressure from family, nursing staff or physician to hospitalize the patient is a cause of patient transfers.	<b>True</b>
3. Risks of going to the hospital include all of the following except: C. Access to complex tests	<b>C</b>
4. Which environmental factors and/or physical limitations can influence the patient experience in an ambulance ride to the emergency room? D. All of the above	<b>D</b>
5. What is the first step in an 8-Step Goals of Care Conversation? B. Review previous discussions and documented wishes for care	<b>B</b>
6. "I listen to the doctor, listen to the nurses, and then I come to my own decision." This statement is an example of which type of bias? A. Anchoring bias	<b>A</b>
7. When are the BEST times to have discussions with patients and their representatives about hospitalization: A. Before a crisis occurs, during care conferences, when a change of condition occurs.	<b>A</b>
8. To set the stage for a thoughtful discussion, do all of the following except: D. Lead with clearly stating your clinical recommendations	<b>D</b>