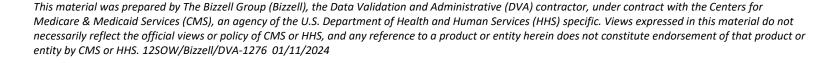
HQIC Community of Practice Call

Preventing and Reducing Workplace Violence

February 8, 2024







Introduction



Welcome!

Shaterra Smith
Social Science Research Analyst
Division of Quality Improvement Innovation
Models Testing
iQuality Improvement and Innovations Group
Center for Clinical Standards and Quality
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services





Agenda

- Introduction
- Today's topic: Preventing and Reducing Workplace Violence
- Presenters:
 - Jen Murphy, Senior Consultant, Health Quality Innovators
 - Mary Ann Fuchs, SVP, Chief Nurse Executive, Centra Health
 - Matthew Exley, Director of Employee and Public Safety, Evangelical Community Hospital
- Open discussion
- Closing remarks



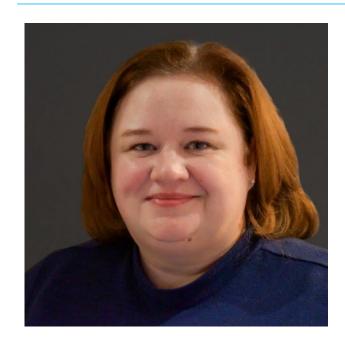
As You Listen, Ponder...

- What impactful actions can you take as a result of the information shared today?
- How are you able to increase engagement within your facilities to ensure a true change in patient safety?
- Based on what you heard today, what activities do you currently have underway that can leverage immediate action over the next 30, 60 or 90 days?

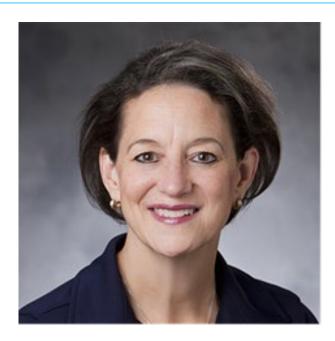




Meet Your Speakers



Jen Murphy, MHA, CPPS
Senior Consultant
Health Quality Innovators



Mary Ann Fuchs,
DNP, RN, NEA-BC, FAAN
SVP, Chief Nurse Executive
Centra Health
Chair of American Hospital
Association's Hospitals Against
Violence (HAV) Advisory Group



Matthew Exley, CHSS
Director of Employee and Public
Safety
Evangelical Community Hospital





Preventing and Reducing Workplace Violence

Health Quality Innovators

Jen Murphy, MHA, CPPS, Senior Consultant

HQI Workplace Violence Efforts

- Analysis of data from environmental scan.
- Developed an organizational assessment tool.
- 3-part educational webinar series featuring AHA and HQIC hospitals.
- Affinity group focused on assessment, data, and action planning.









Organizational Self-Assessment

- Leadership support
- Policies and procedures
- Data collection and analysis
- Education and training
- Support for employees

Workplace Violence (WPV) Prever Organization Self-Assessment				Heatte Comm	Innovation Nets	eces.
Complete each field below to assess your organizate prevention and reduction.	ion's c	urren	t effor	rts towards		
				towards work	cplace viole	nce
Check the "Y" box to designate Yes Check the "NI" box to designate if the		Ι.,				
Has your board/governie at the area Needs Improve	nent	Y	NI	Comm	ents	
Has your board/governing body established workplace violence as an organizational priority?	9					
Does your organization						
to address workplace violence prevention? If yes, which the following roles are represented on your see.	ittee					+
the following roles are represented on your committee	?	- 1				
Security	- 1					
Physician champion(s)	- 1					1
Nursing Pharmacy	- 1					1
Behavioral Health						
Diversity, Equity Inclusion (Day)						
Human Resources	'					
Quality and Patient Sec.						
Lisk Management	-					
Does your organiant	+	\perp				
regarding workplace violence? If yes, is the policy tolerance policy?		1 -				
Does your organization	-					
Does your organization routinely conduct threat assessments of the environment, including off-campus and outpatient areas?		П	-			
	٦١٦	١"				
Does your organization set goals and track metrics related to the reduction of workplace violence? If the following the second s	+					
to the reduction of workplace violence? If yes, which of the following are included?						
OSHA DART rolated to the						
iotal number of workers	П					
Number of WPV incidents by category	П	-				
Employee/provider attrition due to WPV Number of staff trained	П	- 1				
Panic button/security alast						
Other (please specify in comments)						









Resources

- Preventing and Reducing Workplace Violence Webinars
- Workplace Violence Organizational Assessment









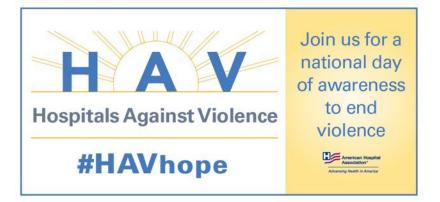
Advancing Health in America



Hospitals Against Violence

Mary Ann Fuchs, DNP, RN, NEA-BC, FAAN





In 2016, the AHA's Hospital Against Violence (HAV) initiative was created in recognition of the **growing public health threat posed by violence**. HAV supports AHA members and the health care field as they work to combat workplace and community violence by:



Providing educational offerings, tools and resources



Identifying national partnerships or coalitions



Supporting data and information collection and research

Community Violence

- Combating Human Trafficking
- Gun Violence Prevention
- Mass Violence Incidents

Workforce and Workplace Violence Prevention

- Culture of Safety
- Mitigating Risk
- Violence Intervention
- Trauma Support



Advancing Health in America

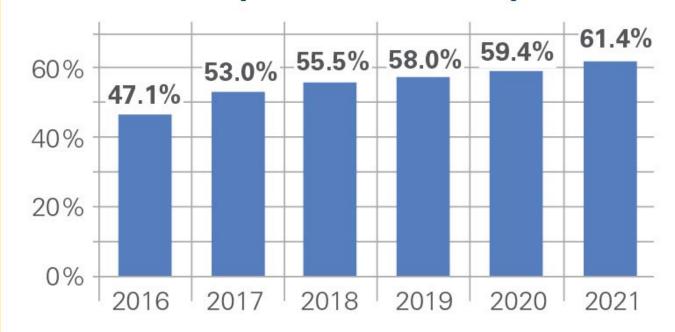
AHA 2023 Advocacy Agenda

Providing a Safe Environment to Care

Enhance workplace safety for all team members, including by enacting federal protections for health care workers against violence and intimidation, and providing hospital grant funding for violence prevention training programs, coordination with state and local law enforcement, and physical plant improvements.



Workplace violence prevention initiatives at U.S. hospitals and health systems



Source: American Hospital Association Annual Survey, 2016 - 2021.



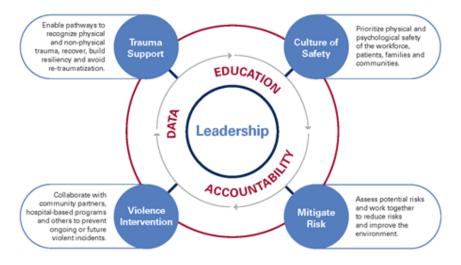
A national day of awareness to end violence

Building a Safe Workplace and Community

A Framework for Hospital and Health System Leadership

AHA's Hospitals Against Violence framework helps guide hospital and health system leadership address the issues of violence in their workplaces, with an emphasis on educating and protecting the workforce. In this effort, we must acknowledge that community violence encroaches into the health care setting, and our workforce is part of the community.

Leadership should push for greater data collection, collective accountability, and ongoing education and training. With this approach, we can achieve the four pillars necessary for implementing a comprehensive violence mitigation strategy: trauma support, violence intervention, culture of safety and mitigating risk.

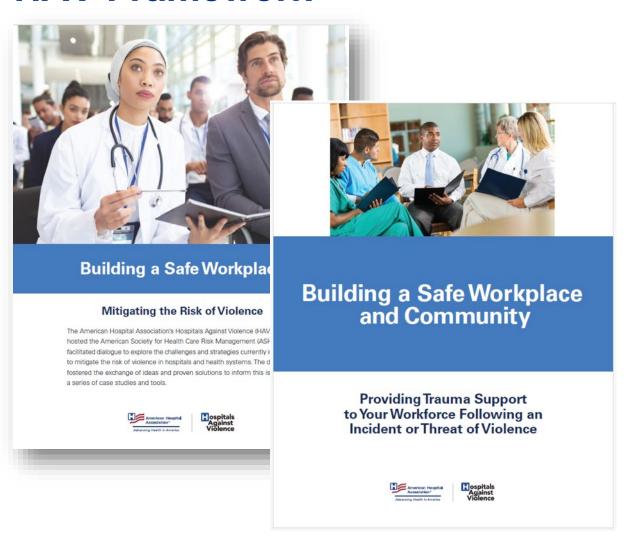


To learn more about the AHA's **Hospitals Against Violence** initiative, visit www.aha.org/HAV.



Foster safety for your workforce, in your workplace and in your community.

HAV Framework









Toolkit for Mitigating Violence in the Workplace



Guiding Principles

- Organizations should use evidence-based strategies to address all aspects of workplace violence.
- Address workplace violence with comprehensive solutions from establishing a zerotolerance workplace to recognizing the intersecting layers of intrusive, consumer, relational and organizational violence.
- **3.** Mitigate workplace violence by **establishing support** from human resources, nursing staff, legal services, security, risk management and other areas of staffing support.
- **4. Promote a culture of safety** to create a healthy work environment, which leads to improved job satisfaction, less absenteeism, reduced turnover and nurse retention.
- Effective workplace violence prevention requires commitment and action from interprofessional teams including leadership, staff, patients and visitors.
- **6. Everyone in the organization is accountable** for upholding foundational standards of non-violent behavior, regardless of position or discipline.
- 7. Encourage the health care team to identify and address violence in the workplace.
- **8. Create a culture of nonviolence** through intention, commitment and collaboration from everyone in an organization.
- Address workplace violence to increase the effectiveness of nurse-delivered care and patient care experience.

https://www.aonl.org/system/files/media/file/2022/10/AONL-ENA workplace guiding principles.pdf



Creating Safer Workplaces:

Safety Strategies that Worked

January 20

Security Measures Elevated at Norton Children's Hospital

Keeping staff sale from aggressive patients and visitors is top of mind at Louisville, Kyr-based Norton Children's Hospital.

When behavioral health admissions and visitor aggression recreased, at staff, including physicians and security officers, were trained on verbal deescutions strategies. A care group of individuals were also educated on nonviolent crass intervention.

Leaders minimized possible errary points, station ad accuratly efficient at locations that remained open acoregined without since throughly. They also posted or pladge in all care areas to periode on entracement of mutual respect and belong. More security officers were first, and nounding increased throughout the hospital, custom carepus and grappies.

Security officers underwent additional training and are now armed and educated to calley use Tases, which has helped from to de-scalar borton includents. For example, when a patient recently charged at a staff monitor with a kind. 5 occurity officer destroyed or Tases on the patient to safety stop the attack.

This allowed us to take the furifie for safe the perient to a valer environment, and pr precident and chief russing officer at Nor-Norton leaders have also strengthened the emergency department 24 hours a day, s

"Our emergency department staff will tel parents acting out and experience less as officer has created an atmosphere where esculating, the police of from rounds throu are additional intervention."

For more information, contact Enk Martin Morton Children's (Joseph) at 502-625-25

Roge 1 | Investable on

Creating Safer Workplaces:

Safety Strategies that Worked

Building a Culture of Safety with Peer-to-Peer Support at CHI Health

From 2019 to 2020, Omohe, Neb trased CH8 Health reduced staff amounts resulting in injuries by 50%.

A mis indiceptimity is withing beam we had with a werbalities will be not presented in expent for 18 months to complete a gipp analysis of system with a post as a proposal against been placetions application of the training beam of the first gipp only these processing against been placetions application of the first gipp only these placetions applications. Association, Occupational Safety and Shraith Actini interests, and the Centino for Discose Sciencial and Previously and the Centino for Discose Sciencial and Previously.

"The great casion from this process was impressive to each perforpart." seet Laure Hertzg, CH4 Health patient safety end tack manager. "We had a great learning experience and know we are during important wio furthal will impact outcomes."

Safety leaders used an incount reporting system to identify appropriate as for improvement. By aggregating and then analyzing orderly reporting data, leaders is amed that occurs on and enviragency department staff headed de-accusion and basic set-foreign staff and which the headed wysom any provides. They have trained abuse data staff to respond to analyzing and accusing the set of the set of

Leaders also created an intensive gost-assault management process, which motives regular follow-upp with account servicers. Since file galactimised intensives in staff and complete servicers. Since the service service is not provided to the armount, providing shall with account of quantities to be primariage or active, commented one.

After surveying staff who experienced assault, safety leaders learned that survivors generally preferred to converse with colleagues over other softicers approaches.

"I don't feel I have much time to take space to use self-core took while ram working," one asself, turknor comments." I generally well on the pointer relationships I have with my co-workers to work of to have a moment of largitime when I need to decompose, and

Leadons responded by implementing a peor-te-peor resport program, "Stress Fiet, Aid." modeled after a templial abveloped by the U.S. Department of Visioners Affairs and stageted by Schmart Comme Rounds for Healthcare CH in yet me leaders and our renty recording peor champions to periopeae in the program.

Salery leadon almostratised verificace manuals and partnered with a behavioral hards reciliancy contributes to inspects how earlier supposed or velefore in the long serm. They employed overtrained violance powertion policy and applied as accident reporting identification system specific to exceptions violance universities.

Leaders also posted rights in public areas emphastoring the system's intolerance for violence, which has already sociated in "a significant decrease in occurrences" in the system's Des Moines, lows, facility

"Additioning the apports inities took time, and manpower," said Hertzig, "Education remains our barrier due to secourbes, funds and endorserse st."

- 45301 American Vospital Association | January 2002



Ann Schumscher | president of CHE Health Mercy



Creating Safer Workplaces:

Safety Strategies that Worked

January 202

Changing Perceptions About Safety Event Reporting at Advocate Aurora Health

Abbools future Health, dust freetby antitred in Milves recfive, and Dorwest Dorw. B. In take what reporting a toppriority be recognizing it as a strangelic organizational goal. Sall diseaseboar is interned form all is barriedesize safety what reporting data and compare introder level truch what reporting data and compare introder level truch as the number of instanced below where a passion business is two, massed groups and more depart mental of inoughout these, massed groups and more depart mental of inoughout and follows deliver becomes a feet of the contractions of the particular delivers of the particular delivers of the particular particular delivers.

To achieve this, staff had to overcome negative perceptions around safety event reporting.

"Event reporting has historically been considered a form of a write-up," and blac Lindgran. Advisoria Austra Health safety leader. "Therefore, fearn members assumed reporting ratery ovents were like tarding."

Advocate Autom's executive leadership combated this line of thinking by consistently promoting and marketing event reporting as an apportunity to identify latent sofety threats.

"Rather than middle management trying to convince conductive loaders as well as their direct reports to report and the conscious who, our leaders of, word through the training.

fors, the importance of

chief nursing officer, said the or operamically integrating world been built overlibber violence time participation from selezy and pecific multiphennel communical regigeners all book members, it or our feet members.

d leaders make a strong busines too wolknoor, which leads to coll persise, decreased engagement sixulars also hind a workforce s

d into the overall seleny program he program. Increased reporting to opens up conversations with

Lindges, system vice president, Calculadge rélations sentier calons et Chromosomies

mary 2027



They E., putric safety officer (Advocate Christ,)

Creating Safer Workplaces:Safety Strategies that Worked



Strict Entry Procedures at St. Joseph's Hospital of Buckhannon in W.Va.

In 2019, leaders at St. Joseph's Hospital of Buckhannon in West Vilgrinia, a critical access hospital, realized they needed to strengthen their security presence and add safety controls to their facility. This need came to a head when a patient slashed his own wrists with a kinfle during an emergency room IERI visit and in front of a rurse. This was traumatic to that nurse and troubling for the entire staff.

"He could have just as easily lunged at [the nurse]," said St. Joseph's President Skip Gjolberg. "This event caused us to reassess the safety of ou staff and patients."

In response, the organization doubled its safety team, adding security officers among other staff. While Gjolberg said that convincing him and other leaders to spend more money "took some work," it was worth it.

As a result of the investment, security staff monitor the facility and grounds 2477. Two security officers are on duty during each hospital shift, with one dedicated to monitoring the ER entrance. Leaders also added extra security comeras and security lock

Security reterr at St. Josephia Pospital

the facility, maps of the building, badges and other necessary items in case of emergencies.

In addition to the extra security, leaders implemented a workplace violent training program called AVADE
(Awareness, Vigliance, Avoidance, Defense and Escape/Environment), to educate staff and security officers on

Leaders also train security officers on how to use gell-based pepper spray — aerosol spray can infiltrate the ventilation system — and handcuffs. The officers do not use frearms or stun guns.

ventration system — and nanocurs. The criteries on one use treatms or stun guns.

In 2020, leaders limited access to the building, requiring badges or codes for visitors, patients and staff at all entry points. They ordered the front lobby closed after 5 p.m., when visitors and patients must enter through the

ER entrance. This area features a controlled access door that requires an additional badge or access code.

Leaders also regularly survey staff about their safety concerns and address those worries on a consistent basis

Gjolberg said these measures have improved the security of the facility and the safety of patients and staff.

"[Staff] feel more confident in their duties, and they just feel safe in at the hospital itself," Gjolberg said. "Just walking out to the parking lot at night and knowing that there's security present" makes a difference.

22021 American Hospital Association | January 2

Page 1 | www.aha.org

de-escalation techniques.











SECTION 1

SUPPORTING THE TEAM





coording to the U.S. Department of Labor, the health care and social services field experiences the highest rates of injuries caused by workplace violence, jeopardizing their ability to care for their communities.

Even before the COVID-19 pandemic, hospitals and health system teams experienced violence, from bullying and incivity to active shooters, intrinate partner violence, cyberartados, homicides and suicides. However, the compounding trauma of the pandemic has heightened the need to create a safer workplace, both physically and psychologically, and a more realient workflow.

Considerations for hospital and health system leaders

As you identify and assess violence prevention initiatives at your organization, consider the various roles, such as security leaders, clinical and administrative leads, patient advocates and community workers, which contribute to creating a culture of safety. Ensure that these roles are part of discussions to identify resources to improve safety, connections to existing programs and implementation of violence mitigation efforts. Workforce safety should be part of your organization's overall safety program with the goal of creating a safe environment for all.



for CEOs Create a culture of safety by prioritizing physical and psychologica safety of your workforce and the

- Focus on prevention by regularly assessing vulnerabilities, supporting violence prevention programs,
- violence prevention programs, encouraging reporting, and prioritizing education and training for your workforce.
- 3 Support those experiencing trauma due to violence and recognize that trauma can impact those not directly involved with dangerous events.

19 | www.aha.org/workfor

HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE

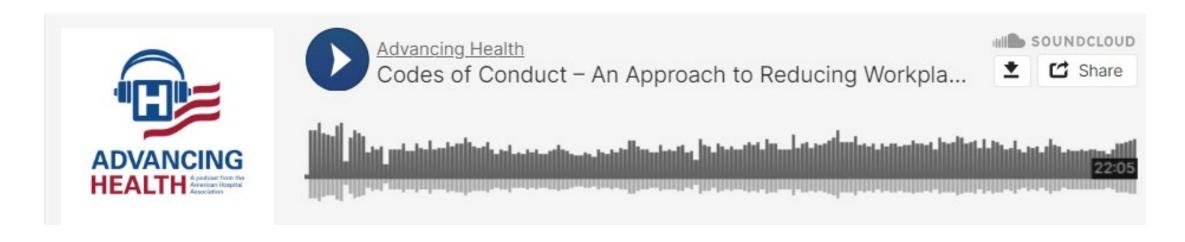


Workforce Navigation Guide

- Chapter 3: Workplace Violence
 Prevention released June 2022
- The HAV advisory group, framework, AHA-IAHSS guide, case studies and other key stakeholder discussions informed the "top takeaways"



Codes of Conduct Podcast



Last year, Massachusetts health care workers faced a threat, verbal abuse or a physical assault every 38 minutes on average. A report on the situation summarized it with one word: untenable. The report also recommended a new patient and visitor Code of Conduct to help promote a safe and respectful environment.



STATEWIDE PATIENT and FAMILY **CODE OF CONDUCT POLICY**

Exceptional patient care requires a safe, supportive, inclusive, equitable and respectful environment that involves a commitment by patients, hospital staff, families, and visitors to maintain such an environment.

Behavior that interferes with the delivery of healthcare or creates an unsafe and disrespectful environment is unacceptable.

Connecticut hospitals and health systems will not tolerate actions that intentionally disrupt any healthcare environment, including inpatient, outpatient, office-based, and home care settings. Such actions include:

- Aggressive or violent behavior, such as physical assaults, threats (verbal and non-verbal), or abusive language
- Discriminatory language
- Language or actions that may be perceived as sexual harassment
- The possession of weapons of any kind in hospital or health system facilities

The safety of patients and staff are a top priority of Connecticut hospitals. Behavior that jeopardizes their safety may result in potential consequences, including being asked to leave the facility.

This policy was developed at the direction of the Connecticut Hospital Association (CHA) Workforce Sustainability Task Force by the Workplace Violence Prevention Work Group. It was approved by the CHA Board of Trustees on October 4, 2023.





Connecticut Hospital Association







MHA Member United Code of Conduct Principles

Approved by the Board of Trustees on January 26, 2023

Promotion of a Safe and Respectful Environment

- Healthcare organizations are committed to uphold a Code of Conduct to maintain a safe, inclusive, equitable, and respectful environment for patients, staff, and visitors.
- Healthcare organizations commit to the creation of policies and practices that promote the protection of staff, patients, and
- A safe environment promotes patient, visitor, and staff safety.
- Offensive, abusive, or discriminatory language or behavior undermines the safety of patients and staff.

Code of Conduct Violations Could Include, but Are Not Limited to:

- Disrespectful, aggressive, abusive, or violent behaviors or actions towards staff, patients, and visitors.
- Threatening, discriminatory, bullying, disrespectful, or offensive language towards staff, patients, and visitors.
- Possession of weapons or firearms.
- Disruption of other patients' care or experience.
- Taking photos or videos of patients, visitors, and/or staff without permission.

Potential Consequences

All violations will be addressed by hospital staff per the organization's policies and procedures.

- Patients violating the code of conduct may be asked to continue their care plan elsewhere and their future ability to obtain non-emergent care at the facility may require further review.
- Anyone found violating the code of conduct may be asked to leave and future visits may be restricted.
- The hospital may report violations of personal conduct to appropriate authorities.

Maintenance of Code of Conduct

- Alert members of your care team if you witness or are a victim of behaviors or actions that violate the Code of Conduct.
- Retaliation for reporting a violation is prohibited.
- Staff will report all observed or experienced violations of the Code of Conduct to the appropriate individual or offices per the organization's violence prevention policy.

Collaboration with the FBI's Behavioral Analysis Unit



Advancing Health · Assessing Threats of Violence to Hospitals With the FBI

John Riggi, AHA national advisory on cybersecurity and risk, hosted a podcast with **Karie Gibson**, **Psy.D**., unit section chief of FBI's Behavioral Analysis Unit-1 and the Behavioral Threat Assessment Center.



Gospitals Against Violence

Facility Safety and Security in Health Care Webinar

This webinar explores facility safety and security strategies and the technologies that aim to mitigate workforce and workplace violence.

Learn about new and innovative approaches to prevent targeted violence, improve physical and psychological safety and increase collaboration with law enforcement.



Join us June 7, 2024, for #HAVhope Friday: National Day of Awareness to End Violence







MATTHEW EXLEY, CHSS

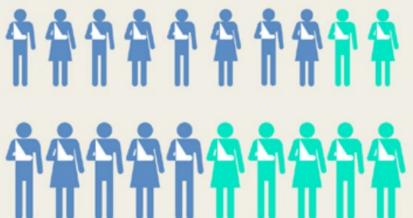
DIRECTOR
EMPLOYEE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

DEVELOPING A WORKPLACE VIOLENCE PROGRAM

Why Safe to Care?

Healthcare workers face significant risks of job-related violence

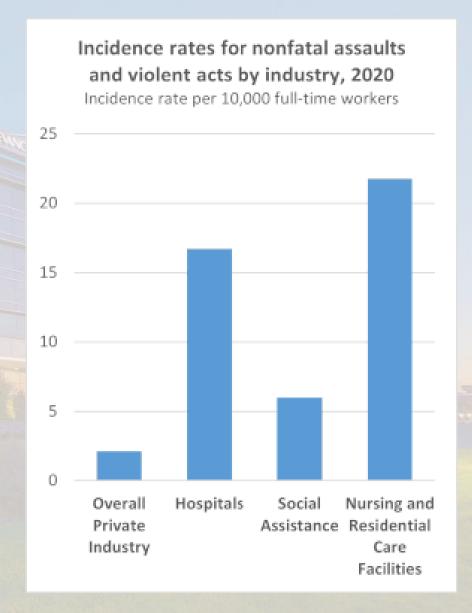




While under 20% of all workplace injuries happen to healthcare workers...

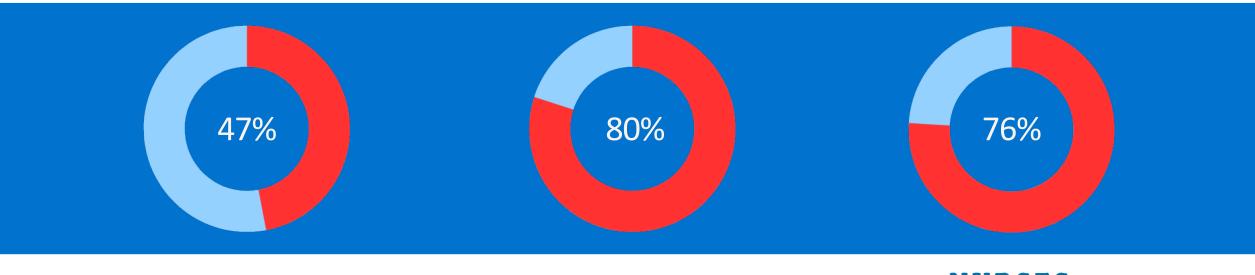
Healthcare workers suffer 50% of all assaults.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics





The Extent of the Problem



EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

Report that they've been assaulted in the Emergency Department

NURSES

Say they don't feel safe at work

NURSES

Said their decision to report would be based on whether the patient was perceived as being responsible for their action

Content source: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

The Challenge of Underreporting

"IT'S JUST PART OF THE JOB" / VICTIM BLAMING

POOR POLICIES,
PROCEDURES,
TRAINING, SUPPORTS

COMPLEX
REPORTING
PROCEDURES

FREQUENCY OF VIOLENCE

LACK OF RESPONSE

LACK OF PEER/
MANAGEMENT SUPPORT

Coffee With Kendra

Employees meet with Kendra Aucker, CEO and President of Evangelical Community Hospital in groups of 8-10 employees yearly.





These small group sessions are designed for open, honest conversation with Kendra about what is going well at Evangelical and identifying opportunities to become even better.

Workplace Violence Reduction Plan

















Staff Training

THE KEY TO OUR SUCCESS

- AVADE Workplace Violence Prevention Training
 - All Staff Level dependent on work assignment
- In-house produced situational awareness video
- · Improved restraint training
- Commitment to training



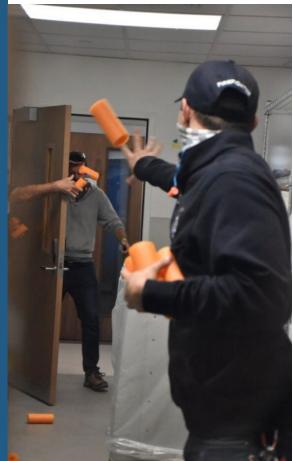
Staff Training

THE KEY TO OUR SUCCESS

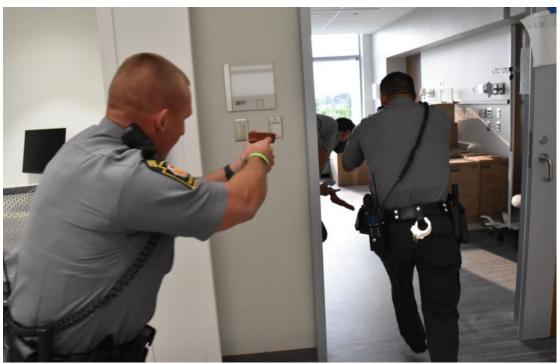
- Tabletop Exercises
- Full ScaleExercises
- · Envelope Drills



"NO FAULT Exercises"











Security Rebrand

REAFFIRMING OUR MISSION

- · "They're only security"
- Multi-mission expectations
- · Professionalism / Identity
- · State of the art equipment
- All Officers IAHSS Certified
- Program of Distinction Application





Security Rebrand

REAFFIRMING OUR MISSION

- · Ambassador First Security Second
- · City/Neighborhood Concept
 - The campus is its own city
 - Each unit/department is a unique neighborhood
 - Community-oriented patrols



Policies / Communications

SETTING EXPECTATIONS

- · Patient/Visitor Code of Conduct
- Lockdown Policy Revision
- Aggressive/Behavioral Health Policy
 - Nursing
 - Hospitalist
 - Care Coordination
 - Public Safety
 - Emergency Department
 - Critical Care
- · Workplace Violence Policy Revision
- · No "Zero-Tolerance" Messaging
- Staff Townhalls

ATTENTIONVisitors and Guests

Evangelical Community Hospital supports a safe, caring, and secure environment for everyone. Aggressive and disruptive behavior will not be tolerated here.

Please refrain from:

- Verbal harassment
- Bullying
- Physical assault
- Foul language
- Inappropriate touching
- Threats or intimidation
- Sexually explicit comments or suggestions
- Interfering with staff providing care and services
- Unauthorized video or audio recording of patients or staff
- Destruction or damage of Hospital property
- Possession of weapons of any kind

Be informed that assaulting a health care professional is a felony. Visitor privileges can be revoked, and visitors can be removed from campus.



Policies / Communications

SETTING EXPECTATIONS

Why Joe is no Longer Welcome Here

Joe was frustrated.

He yelled at an employee, calling him stupid.

Now he can't visit his aunt anymore.

Evangelical Community Hospital is committed to providing a respectful environment for everyone.

Verbal abuse will not be tolerated.







Equipment

THE RIGHT TOOLS FOR THE JOB

- · Replacing Video/Access Control System
 - Artificial Intelligence/Facial Recognition
- Midmark/Staff Duress Buttons
- RAVE Communications Platform
 - Guardian
- Omnigo Reporting System
- Evidence/Property Room
- Bullet/stab/slash resistant vest Mandatory Wear
- Motorola ION Radios



Rave Guardian



Inbox

5 new (55 total)

6:53 PM

6:04 PM

10:26 AM

Beth



📶 🔳 10:26 AM















Safety









 $\mathbf{G} \square \mathbf{\Lambda}$

My Safety Timer

00:11:04

Rachel Entered Duress PIN

A Rachel deactivated their Safety Timer under duress. Please check on Rachel.

Campus Safety has responded to your

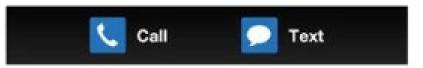




Beth Johnson

Phone: 555-555-5555

Safety Timer: IN PROGRESS



Safety Timer

00:11:04



Gabriel's Safety Timer

5:58 PM

₼ 00:19:11

tip.

Tip Response

Heading home from library, stopping at market first.



Beth Made Emergency Call 4:47 PM A Beth made an Emergency Call to [Domain Name].



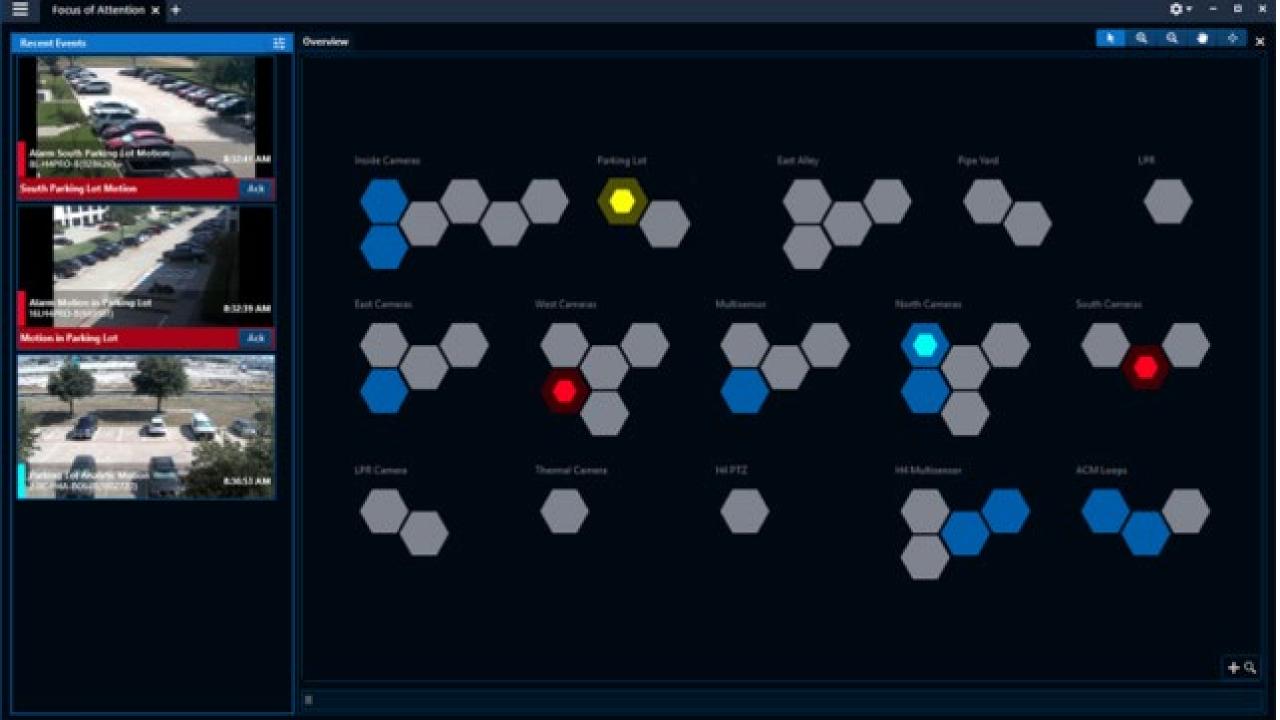
Cindy's Safety Timer

Yesterday

O Cindy successfully deactivated the Safety

Map





K-9 Program

After seeing the success of hospitals across the country like Geisinger, Evangelical is moving towards adding a K-9 to our team.

Our research indicates that in hospitals with a K-9, the dog is the #1 most effective de-escalation tool.



"The presence of that canine unit diminished violence by upwards of 80%. Two years after, there's a steady decline in the number of staff members quitting and an increase in the hospitals' ability to hire and retain new staff," - Mike Dunning











PENNSYLVANIA

DISTRICT ATTORNEY



OUTREACH

- People outside of the field don't understand what happens within these walls
- Patrol Officers may not always be your best resource
- Establish relationships and expectations
- · Discussions with administration
- · Consistent response/charging of crimes
- Monitor status of cases for accuracy
- · Improve chain of custody
- BOP Familiarization training

What's Next?



ACT 235 CERTIFICATION

- In 2016, a PSP RVAT team recommended security be armed with firearms
- Internal committee
 elected for Tasers
- · Environment has changed



PA 501

- Due to the unique nature
 of healthcare violence,
 external law enforcement
 is not always able to
 provide the most
 consistent response to
 crimes on campus
- Internal police may increase compliance and reduce burden on external law enforcement
- Much research needed due to lack of standards



ASSESSMENTS

- Ongoing Assessments
 of External Facilities
- Public Safety now attending expansion/ remodel meetings from day one.
- Public Safety now assesses all capital projects
- Yearly vulnerability and risk assessments on-campus and external offices

THANK YOU



Matthew Exley, CHSS
Director of Employee and Public Safety
570-522-4434 | matthew.exley@evanhospital.com



As You Listen, Ponder...

- What impactful actions can you take as a result of the information shared today?
- How are you able to increase engagement within your facilities to ensure a true change in patient safety?
- Based on what you heard today, what activities do you currently have underway that can leverage immediate action over the next 30, 60 or 90 days?



Final Thoughts





Join Us for the Next Community of Practice Call!



Join us for the next Community of Practice Call on March 14, 2024 from 1:00 – 2:00 p.m. ET

We invite you to register at the following link: https://zoom.us/webinar/register/WN ASI I3p TEyx VY YYFFeA

You will receive a confirmation email with login details.





Thank You!



Your opinion is valuable to us. Please take 4 minutes to complete the post assessment.

We will use the information you provide to improve future events.

