

Georgia Department of Public Health: Strike & Support Team GADPH Office Hours for ALFs & PCHs December 16, 2022





Presenter:

Alexandra R. Benoit, MBA, MHA

Vulnerable Populations Coordinator Division of Health Protection Emergency Preparedness & Response Healthcare Preparedness Program Georgia Department of Public Health

HEALTH SOLUTI



Alexandra R. Benoit, MBA, MHA

VULNERABLE POPULATIONS COORDINATOR GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH



Thank You to Our Partners

- Georgia Department of Public Health
- University of Georgia









Objectives

- Discuss the Georgia Department of Public Health (GADPH) Healthcare
 Preparedness Program
- Discuss the GADPH Healthcare Preparedness Program COVID-19 response
- Highlight the importance of Georgia's Healthcare Coalitions

Emergency Planning for LTCFs

Alliant Health / December 16, 2022

COVID-19 Lessons Learned

Healthcare Preparedness Program

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Program Overview

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Healthcare Preparedness Program

Funded since 2002 by HHS (Health and Human Services) ASPR (Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response) as the Hospital Preparedness Program

Also funded by ASPR:

- National Special Pathogen System
- Regional Disaster Response System

HPP is the primary source of federal funding for health care system preparedness and response and, in collaboration with state and local health departments, prepares health care delivery systems to save lives through the development of health care coalitions (HCCs).

https://aspr.hhs.gov/HealthCareReadiness/H PP/Pages/default.aspx

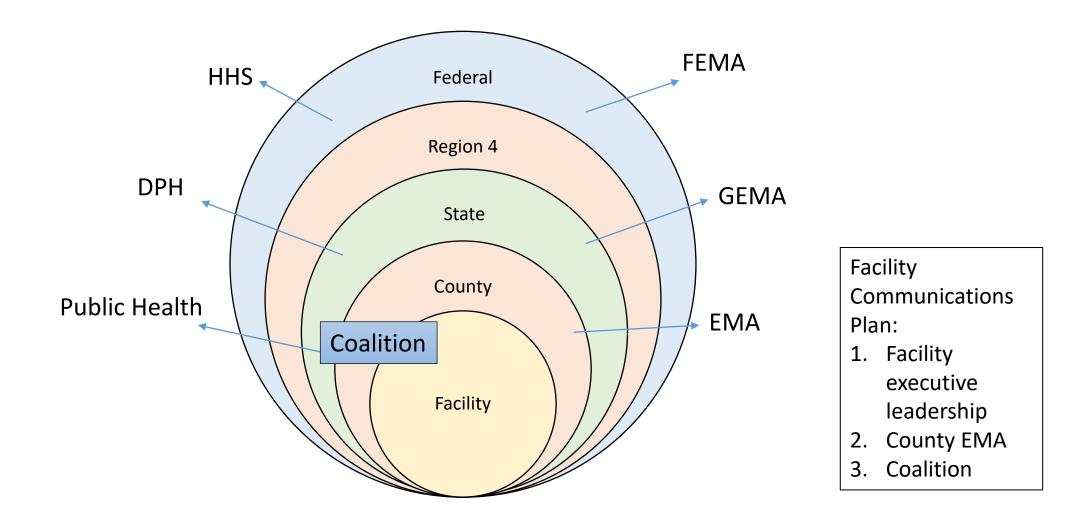
HPP Purpose 2019

The purpose of this Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) is to strengthen and enhance the acute care medical surge capacity through the maintenance and growth of strong health care coalitions (HCCs) within state, local, and territorial health care systems.

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (EP-U3R-19-001) 2 March 2019

Georgia HPP's purpose is to support the continued growth and maturity of the 14 HCCs as they strengthen and enhance medical surge capacity in their areas. Strong relationships are valued and emphasized.

ESF 8 Response



Recent Responses (besides COVID)

Hurricane Michael – Fall 2018 (widespread power outages across southwest Georgia)

Hurricane Maria – Fall 2017-Spring 2018 (NDMS Activation accepting patients from the Virgin Islands)

Hurricane Irma – Fall 2017 (evacuated patients from hospitals and nursing homes)

Hurricane Matthew – Fall 2016 (evacuated patients from hospitals and nursing homes)

Ebola Virus Disease – 2014-2015 (heightened monitoring and development of Infectious Disease Network)

Haiti Earthquake – Winter 2010 (medical evacuees and family members accepted to Georgia as part of an NDMS-like response)



Healthcare Coalitions

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Georgia's Healthcare Coalitions



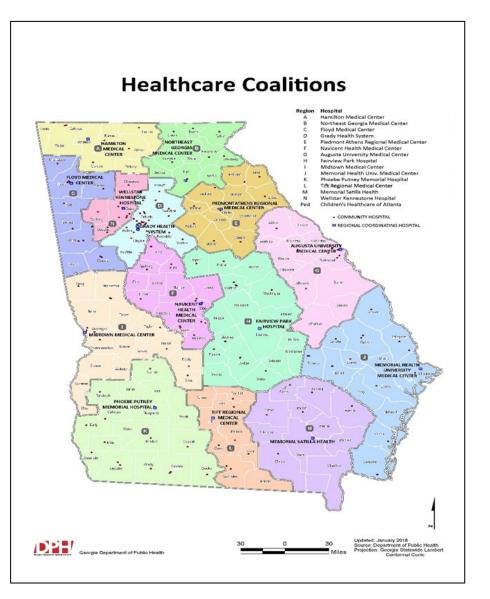
What is a Healthcare Coalition?

A collaborative network of healthcare organizations and response partners that serve as a multiagency coordinating group to assist with preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation activities related to healthcare organization disaster operations.

What is Our Goal?

To communicate and coordinate with all partnering agencies and organizations to ensure the continuity of operations within our State's healthcare system.

Georgia Coalition Overview



14 Healthcare Coalitions

- Coalition Coordinator from the Regional Coordinating Hospital
- Coalition Facilitator based at the Public Health District funded by HPP grant
- Executive Committee
- Plan, train, exercise, equip, respond, coordinate and communicate

Coalition Sponsored Activities

- Regional coordination plans
- Quarterly meetings
- Trainings
- Regional exercises
- Purchased items for regional caches (examples):
 - Portable air conditioners/heaters
 - Generators
 - Fans
 - Personal Protective Equipment
 - Moulage supplies
 - Emergency lighting kits
 - Weather radios







COVID-19 Response

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Supply Chain Shortages

Georgia Department of Public Health activated the Receipt, Store, Stage (RSS) Warehouse to serve health care providers statewide.

- RSS warehouse team secured vendors and facilitated the distribution operations within the warehouse. (Multi-agency response)
- The warehouse team calculated the PPE burn rates in long-term care facilities to determine how much PPE was needed.
- When the supply chain loosened, the state made the decision to allocate PPE supplies on an emergency basis.
- We provided all our health care facilities with a list of PPE vendors who successfully delivered to the facilities in Georgia.
- Warehouse is still active and will provide an emergency supply of PPE to health care facilities when requested.
- Specimen collection kits, ventilators and foggers were also distributed from the warehouse.

Supply Chain Shortages

PPE/Equipment Distributed

- Gowns/Gloves/Shoe Covers
- Body Bags
- Hand Sanitizer
- Disinfectant Wipes
- N95/KN95 Mask
- Ventilators (Hospitals)
- Test Kits
- Face Shields

Challenges

- Difficulties obtaining the necessary amount of PPE/equipment needed to assist providers during the onset of the pandemic.
- Health care providers received about half of the amount requested until the supply chain loosened nationwide.

LTCF Sanitation Assistance

• National Guard Sanitation Teams

Governor Kemp and National Guard General Tom Carden deployed over 100 guardsmen to LTCFs with COVID-19 outbreaks

- (GEMA/HS) purchased infection control foggers and supplies for LTCFs that were 25 beds or more.
 - RidMold Air Armour fogger
 - Four cases of Air Armour disinfectant solution,
 - Two Tyvek coveralls
 - One spray bottle

The same supplies the National Guard used to disinfect LTCFs.

• Healthcare Coalition Purchased Foggers

LTCF Sanitation Assistance

- Informing LTCFs that the National Guard would be providing sanitation assistance.
- Partnering with the National Guard to prioritize LTCFs based on outbreaks.
- Providing GEMA/HS with the facility information needed to purchase and ship equipment.

COVID-19 Testing Support – Resources

- National Guard Mobile Test Strike Teams (case-by-case basis)
- State-provided test kits
- Skilled nursing facility staff could travel to the nearest state testing site (SPOCS) at no cost and report activity to their respective SNF employer.
- District public health assistance with testing (case-by-case basis)

COVID-19 Testing Support – Challenges

- Limited testing resources
- Limited manpower
- Test result turnaround times. (Due to the high volume of specimen collection, lab turnaround times could take up to a week)
- Unable to fulfill requests for routine testing, due to limited resources.
- Initially, prioritizing testing resources to providers who needed baseline testing
- Continuous changes to testing guidance

Staffing Shortages – State-Provided Staffing Assistance

- Staffing resources provided through the State were only available to skilled nursing facilities/nursing homes and hospitals.
- Nursing homes and hospitals must have a dire need for staffing due to a high number of current COVID cases and callouts at the facility.
- The funding utilized to pay for emergency staffing assistance came from CMS. Therefore, the funding could not be used to assist ALFs and PCHs.
- To ensure that the assisted living and personal care home communities could obtain staffing, we provided a list of staffing agencies that had successfully delivered staff to healthcare providers in Georgia.
- There are also plenty of nursing homes and hospitals that source staff directly through agencies.

State Provided Staffing Assistance – Request Process

- Nursing homes and hospitals would request staffing assistance through their county EMA.
- HPP staffing team would collect facility census information from the requesting facility.
- Information would be sent to DCH for potential approval.
- Once approved, the contracted agency would coordinate directly with the facility POC.

Staffing Assistance – Challenges

- The nationwide healthcare staffing shortage also affected the State's ability to source qualified staffing assistance for our healthcare organizations.
- Due to the nationwide shortage, our team had limited visibility on the timeframe in which staffing may be allocated to the facility once approved.
- The inability to provide funded assistance to non-Medicare and Medicaid Waivered healthcare facilities.
- Due to the limited staffing resources, we weren't approved to send staffing resources to facilities with no COVID-positive residents or staff.

LTCF Vaccine Booster Administration Assistance

- Assuring LTCF residents and staff have access to the COVID-19 Pfizer or Moderna Bivalent Booster vaccines.
- LTCFs will partner with a pharmacy that will assist in providing the vaccine.
- Our goal is to increase our state's overall vaccination rates within LTCFs.

LTCF COVID-19 Vaccine Bivalent Booster Administration Assistance Survey https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/LTCFVaxAssist.

If an LTCF has questions or needs assistance with the survey, they may reach our immunization team at: <u>DPH-COVID19vaccine@dph.ga.gov</u> or 404-657-3158.

Healthcare Coalition Involvement

Coalitions played an integral role in disseminating information to the health care community during the pandemic.

- Disseminated surveys used to assess facility needs
- Provided PPE
- Purchased infection control equipment for facilities (foggers)
- Assured providers received state executive orders, guidance and recommendations
- Virtual coalition meeting offerings

Healthcare Coalitions are moving back to in-person meetings. A few regions are offering the option to attend in person or virtually.

Alexandra R. Benoit, MBA, MHA

Vulnerable Populations Coordinator

Division of Health Protection Emergency Preparedness & Response Healthcare Preparedness Program

Cell: 678-710-5742 SouthernLINC: 28*66 <u>alexandra.benoit@dph.ga.gov</u>

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH





Questions?

Georgia Department of Public Health HAI Team Contacts

State Region/Districts	Contact Information
North (Rome, Dalton, Gainesville, Athens) Districts 1-1, 1-2, 2, 10	<u>Sue.bunnell@dph.ga.gov (404-967-0582)</u> Mary.Whitaker@dph.ga.gov (404-967-0578)
Atlanta Metro (Cobb-Douglas, Fulton, Clayton, Lawrenceville, DeKalb, LaGrange) Districts 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 4	<u>Teresa.Fox@dph.ga.gov (404-596-1910)</u> <u>Renee.Miller@dph.ga.gov (678-357-4797)</u>
Central (Dublin, Macon, Augusta) Districts 5-1, 5-2, 6, 7	<u>Theresa.Metro-Lewis@dph.ga.gov (404-967-0589)</u> <u>Karen.Williams13@dph.ga.gov (404-596-1732)</u>
Southeast (Columbia, Albany) Districts 8-1, 8-2	Connie.Stanfill1@dph.ga.gov(404-596-1940)
Southwest (Valdosta, Savannah, Waycross) Districts 9-1, 9-2	<u>Regina.Howard@dph.ga.gov (404 967-0574)</u>
Backup/Nights/Weekends	Jeanne.Negley@dph.ga.gov (404-657-2593) Joanna.Wagner@dph.ga.gov (404-430-6316)



Save the Date

SNF and Medical Directors Office Hours: January 20, 2023, at 11 a.m.

ALF and PCH January 27, 2023, at 11 a.m.

- Georgia Department of Public Health
- University of Georgia





UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA

Making Health Care Better





This material was prepared by Alliant Health Solutions, under contract with the Georgia Department of Public Health as made possible through the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

quality.allianthealth.org