This tool is intended to assist health care professionals in extended care facilities to assess ESRD patients post-dialysis treatments.

GREEN Zone: All Clear
- No shortness of breath or chest pain
- No swelling
- Thrill and bruit present in access
- No bleeding from access sites
- Vital signs within normal limits for patient
- No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea

If symptoms are under control
- Continue current medications (Check for renal doses)
- Continue to monitor weight as ordered
- Keep all physician appointments
- Keep scheduled dialysis appointments (on time)
- Follow diet as prescribed

YELLOW Zone: Caution
- Some shortness of breath
- Some swelling or edema
- Tiredness or chest pain with any activity
- Some oozing from access puncture sites
- Some nausea, vomiting, diarrhea
- Weak thrill or bruit in access
- Changes in blood pressure (higher or lower than usual) and other vital signs
- Persistent muscle cramps
- Decreased urine output

YELLOW Zone Means:
These symptoms may indicate a need for adjustment in medications, plan of care, orders, or weight management. If any symptom, or combination of symptoms, is present:
- Contact the nephrologist/dialysis team before next treatment

RED Zone: Emergency
- Increased shortness of breath (faster, unrelieved, etc.)
- Mental confusion
- Muscle/extremity weakness
- Absence of thrill or bruit in access
- Very fatigued, trouble staying awake
- Increased swelling or edema
- Increased pain in access or generalized
- Increased nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of appetite
- Fever, chills
- Prolonged and heavy bleeding from access site

RED Zone Means:
If any symptom, or a combination of symptoms, is present, seek immediate medical attention.
- Contact physician ASAP – May need to call 911