# Overview of the Final Rule for 2019 MIPS Year 3



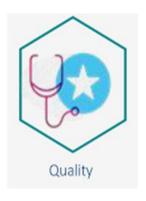
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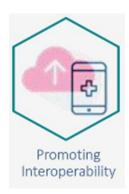






## **Objectives**





- Overview of the Final Rule for 2019 MIPS Year 3
  - What has stayed the same for 2019?
    - Data Completeness
    - Performance Periods
  - What has changed for 2019?
    - New Eligible Clinicians
    - Opt-in Option for MIPS
    - Determination period
    - Collection, submission and submitter types
    - Category Weights

- Quality
- Cost
- Improvement Activities
- Promoting Interoperability
- Performance Threshold and Payment Adjustments

Questions



# What has stayed the same for 2019?



- Data Completeness 60%
- Performance Periods for MIPS categories
  - 365 days for Quality & Cost
  - 90 days for Promoting Interoperability & Improvement Activities
- Case Minimums
- Re-weighting of Promoting Interoperability
- Complex Patient Bonus
- Budget Neutrality for MIPS Payment Adjustments

Performance Periods



#### Year 2 (2018) Final

Performance Category	Performance Period
Quality	12-months
Cost	12-months
Improvement Activities	90-days
Promoting Interoperability	90-days



Year 3 (2019) Final - No Change

Quality



Cost

Performance

90-days

12-months

12-months



Activities

90-days







Cost Performance Category



#### **Basics:**

- 15% of Final Score in 2019
- Measures:
  - Medicare Spending Per Beneficiary (MSPB)
  - Total Per Capita Cost
  - Adding 8 episode-based measures
- No reporting requirement; data pulled from administrative claims
- No improvement scoring in Year 3

#### **Measure Case Minimums**

Year 2 (2018) Final	Year 3 (2019) Final
Case minimum of 20 for Total per Capita Cost measure and 35 for MSPB	Same requirements as Year 2, with the following additions:
	<ul> <li>Case minimum of 10 for procedural episodes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Case minimum of 20 for acute inpatient medical condition episodes</li> </ul>



Promoting Interoperability Performance Category





#### **Basics:**

- 25% of Final Score in 2019
- Must use 2015 Edition Certified EHR Technology (CEHRT) in 2019
- New performancebased scoring
- 100 total category points

#### Reweighting

	Year 2 (2018) Final	Year 3 (2019) Final
	Automatic reweighting for the following MIPS eligible clinicians: Non-Patient Facing, Hospital-based, Ambulatory Surgical Center-based, PAs, NPs, Clinical Nurse Specialists,	Same requirements as Year 2, with the following additions:  • Extended the automatic reweighting for:  • Physical Therapists
٠	and CRNAs  Application based reweighting also available for certain circumstances  Example: clinicians who are in small practices	<ul> <li>Occupational Therapists</li> <li>Clinical Psychologists</li> <li>Speech-Language Pathologists</li> <li>Audiologists</li> <li>Registered Dieticians or Nutrition Professionals</li> </ul>



Complex Patient Bonus

#### Same requirements as Year 2:

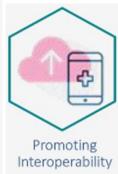
- Up to 5 bonus points available for treating complex patients based on medical complexity
  - As measured by Hierarchical Condition Category (HCC) risk score and a score based on the percentage of dual eligible beneficiaries
- MIPS eligible clinicians or groups <u>must submit data on at least 1 performance</u> category in an applicable performance period to earn the bonus





# What has changed for 2019?





- New Clinician Types
- Low Volume Threshold Criteria 3 qualifiers
- Collection, Submission and Submitter types
- Determination Period
- Category Weights
- Performance Threshold and Payment Adjustments
- Promoting Interoperability
- Facility-Based Cost and Quality Performance Measures





MIPS Eligible Clinician Types



#### Year 2 (2018) Final

#### MIPS eligible clinicians include:

- Physicians
- Physician Assistants
- Nurse Practitioners
- Clinical Nurse Specialists
- Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists
- Groups of such clinicians



#### Year 3 (2019) Final

#### MIPS eligible clinicians include:

 <u>Same</u> five clinician types from Year 2 (2018)

#### AND:

- Clinical Psychologists
- Physical Therapists
- Occupational Therapists
- Speech-Language Pathologists\*
- Audiologists\*
- Registered Dieticians or Nutrition Professionals\*

<sup>\*</sup>We modified our proposals to add these additional clinician types for Year 3 as a result of the significant support we received during the comment period





#### What do I need to know?

- 1. Threshold amounts remain the same as in Year 2 (2018)
- Added a third element Number of Services to the low-volume threshold determination criteria
  - The finalized criteria now includes:
    - Dollar amount \$90,000 in covered professional services under the Physician Fee Schedule (PFS)
    - Number of beneficiaries 200 Medicare Part B beneficiaries
    - Number of services\* (New) 200 covered professional services under the PFS

<sup>\*</sup>When we say "service", we are equating one professional claim line with positive allowed charges to one covered professional service





#### How does CMS determine if I am included in MIPS in Year 3 (2019)?

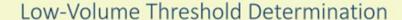
- 1. Be a MIPS eligible clinician type (as listed on slide 12)
- Exceed all three elements of the low-volume threshold criteria:
  - ✓ Bill more than \$90,000 a year in allowed charges for covered professional services under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (PFS)

#### AND

✓ Furnish covered professional services to more than 200 Medicare Part B beneficiaries

#### AND

✓ Provide more than 200 covered professional services under the PFS (New)





#### What else do I need to know?

Clinicians who:

x DO NOT bill more than \$90,000 a year in allowed charges for covered professional services under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (PFS)

OR

x DO NOT furnish covered professional services to more than 200 Medicare beneficiaries

OR

x DO NOT provide more than 200 covered professional services under the PFS (New)

Are <u>excluded</u> from MIPS in Year 3 (2019) and do not need to participate

Remember: To be required to participate, clinicians must:







#### What happens if I am excluded, but want to participate in MIPS?

#### You have two options:

- 1. Voluntarily participate
  - You'll submit data to CMS and receive performance feedback
  - You will not receive a MIPS payment adjustment
- Opt-in (Newly added for Year 3)
  - Opt-in is available for MIPS eligible clinicians who are excluded from MIPS based on the lowvolume threshold determination
  - If you are a MIPS eligible clinician and meet or exceed <u>at least one</u>, but not all, of the low-volume threshold criteria, you may opt-in to MIPS
  - If you opt-in, you'll be subject to the MIPS performance requirements, MIPS payment adjustment, etc.

MIPS Determination Period



#### Year 2 (2018) Final

#### Low Volume Threshold Determination Period:

- First 12-month segment: Sept. 1, 2016-Aug. 31, 2017 (including 30-day claims run out)
- Second 12-month segment: Sept. 1, 2017 to Aug. 31, 2018 (including a 30-day claims run out)

#### Special Status

- Use various determination periods to identify MIPS eligible clinicians with a special status and apply the designation.
- Special status includes:
  - Non-Patient Facing
  - Small Practice
  - Rural Practice
  - Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA)
  - Hospital-based
  - Ambulatory Surgical Center-based (ASC-based)



#### Year 3 (2019) Final

#### **Change to the MIPS Determination Period:**

- First 12-month segment: Oct. 1, 2017-Sept. 30, 2018 (including a 30-day claims run out)
- Second 12-month segment: Oct. 1, 2018-Sept. 30, 2019 (does not include a 30-day claims run out)
- Goal: consolidate the multiple timeframes and align the determination period with the fiscal year
- Goal: streamlined period will also identify MIPS eligible clinicians with the following special status:
  - Non-Patient Facing
  - Small Practice
  - Hospital-based
  - ASC-based

Note: Rural and HPSA status continue to apply in 2019

Quick Tip: MIPS eligible clinicians with a special status <u>are included in MIPS</u> and qualify for special rules. Having a special status <u>does not exempta clinician from MIPS</u>.

## Collection, Submission and Submitter Types

#### **Collection Types**

Relates to Quality

- eCQMs
- MIPS CQMs
- QCDR measures
- Medicare Part B claims measures
- CMS web interface measures
- CAHPS for MIPS survey
- Administrative claims measures

#### **Submission Types**

How you submit data to CMS

- Direct
- Log-in and upload
- Log-in and attest
- Medicare Part B claims
- CMS Web Interface

#### **Submitter Types**

Who submits data to CMS

- MIPS Eligible Clinicians
- Groups
- Virtual Groups
- Third party intermediary submitting data for clinicians, groups or virtual groups







Collection, Submission, and Submitter Types - Example

#### Data Submission for MIPS Eligible Clinicians Reporting as Individuals

Performance Category	Submission Type	Submitter Type	Collection Type
Quality	<ul> <li>Direct</li> <li>Log-in and Upload</li> <li>Medicare Part B Claims (small practices only)</li> </ul>	Individual     Third Party Intermediary	eCQMs     MIPS CQMs     QCDR Measures     Medicare Part B Claims Measures     (small practices only)
Cost	No data submission required	• Individual	-
Improvement Activities	<ul><li>Direct</li><li>Log-in and Upload</li><li>Log-in and Attest</li></ul>	Individual     Third Party Intermediary	-
Promoting Interoperability	<ul><li>Direct</li><li>Log-in and Upload</li><li>Log-in and Attest</li></ul>	Individual     Third Party Intermediary	-



Collection, Submission, and Submitter Types - Example

#### Data Submission for MIPS Eligible Clinicians Reporting as Groups

Performance Category	Submission Type	Submitter Type	Collection Type
Quality	<ul> <li>Direct</li> <li>Log-in and Upload</li> <li>CMS Web Interface (groups of 25 or more eligible clinicians)</li> <li>Medicare Part B Claims (small practices only)</li> </ul>	Group     Third Party Intermediary	<ul> <li>eCQMs</li> <li>MIPS CQMs</li> <li>QCDR Measures</li> <li>CMS Web Interface Measures</li> <li>CMS Approved Survey Vendor Measure</li> <li>Administrative Claims Measures</li> <li>Medicare Part B Claims (small practices only)</li> </ul>
Cost	No data submission required	• Group	±
Improvement Activities	<ul><li>Direct</li><li>Log-in and Upload</li><li>Log-in and Attest</li></ul>	Group     Third Party Intermediary	φ.
Promoting Interoperability	<ul><li>Direct</li><li>Log-in and Upload</li><li>Log-in and Attest</li></ul>	Group     Third Party Intermediary	*

**Performance Category Weights** 



#### Year 2 (2018) Final

Performance Category	Performance Category Weight
Quality	50%
Cost	10%
Improvement Activities	15%
Promoting Interoperability	25%

#### Year 3 (2019) Final -

Performance Category	Performance Category Weight
Quality	45%
Cost	15%
Improvement Activities	15%
Promoting Interoperability	25%





Quality Performance Category



#### Basics:

- 45% of Final Score in 2019
- You select 6 individual measures
  - 1 must be an outcome measure

- High-priority measure
- If less than 6 measures apply, then report on each applicable measure
- You may also select a specialtyspecific set of measures

#### Meaningful Measures

- Goal: The Meaningful Measures Initiative is aimed at identifying the highest priority areas for quality measurement and quality improvement to assess the core quality of care issues that are most vital to advancing our work to improve patient outcomes
- For 2019, we are:
  - Removing 26 quality measures, including those that are process, duplicative, and/or topped-out
  - Adding 8 measures (4 Patient-Reported Outcome Measures), 6 of which are high-priority
- Total of 257 quality measures for 2019







#### **Basics:**

- 45% of Final Score in 2019
- You select 6 individual measures
  - 1 must be an outcome measure

OR

- High-priority measure
- If less than 6 measures apply, then report on each applicable measure
- You may also select a specialtyspecific set of measures

#### **Bonus Points**

Year 2 (2018) Final	Year 3 (2019) Final
2 points for outcome or patient experience	Same requirements as Year 2, with the following changes:
1 point for other high-priority measures	Add <u>small practice bonus</u> of <u>6</u> <u>points</u> for MIPS eligible clinicians in small practices who submit
1 point for each measure submitted using electronic end-to-end reporting	data on at least 1 quality measure
Cap bonus points at 10% of category denominator	<ul> <li>Updated the definition of high- priority to include the opioid- related measures</li> </ul>

Quick Tip: A small practice is defined as 15 or fewer eligible clinicians





Quality Performance Category



#### Basics:

- 45% of Final Score in 2019
- You select 6 individual measures
  - 1 must be an outcome measure

OR

- High-priority measure
- If less than 6 measures apply, then report on each applicable measure
- You may also select a specialtyspecific set of measures

#### **Topped-out Measures**

#### Year 2 (2018) Final

- A topped out measure is when performance is so high and unwavering that meaningful distinctions and improvement in performance can no longer be made
- 4-year lifecycle to identify and remove topped out measures
- Scoring cap of 7 points for topped out measures

#### Year 3 (2019) Final

Same requirements as Year 2, with the following changes:

- Extremely Topped-Out Measures:
  - A measure attains extremely topped-out status when the average mean performance is within the 98<sup>th</sup> to 100<sup>th</sup> percentile range
  - CMS may propose removing the measure in the next rulemaking cycle
- QCDR measures are excluded from the topped out measure lifecycle and special scoring policies





Facility-based Quality and Cost Performance Measures

#### What is it?

- Facility-based scoring is an option for clinicians that meet certain criteria beginning with the 2019 performance period
  - CMS finalized this policy for the 2019 performance period in the 2018
     Final Rule
  - Facility-based scoring allows for certain clinicians to have their Quality and Cost
     performance category scores based on the performance of the hospitals at which they work





Facility-based Quality and Cost Performance Measures

#### Applicability: Individual

- MIPS eligible clinician furnishes <u>75% or more</u> of their covered professional services in inpatient hospital (Place of Service code 21), on-campus outpatient hospital (POS 22), or an emergency room (POS 23), based on claims for a period prior to the performance period
- Clinician would be required to have at least a single service billed with POS code used for inpatient hospital or emergency room

#### Applicability: Group

 Facility-based group would be one in which <u>75% or more of eligible clinicians</u> billing under the group's <u>TIN</u> are eligible for facility-based measurement as individuals



Improvement Activities Performance Category



#### Basics:

- 15% of Final Score in 2019
- Select Improvement Activities and attest "yes" to completing
- Activity weights remain the same:
  - Medium = 10 points
  - High = 20 points
- Small practices, non-patient facing clinicians, and/or clinicians located in rural or HPSAs continue to receive doubleweight and report on no more than 2 activities to receive the highest score

#### **Activity Inventory**

- Added 6 new Improvement Activities
- Modified 5 existing Improvement Activities
- Removing 1 existing Improvement Activity
- Total of 118 Improvement Activities for 2019

#### **CEHRT Bonus**

 Removed the bonus to align with the new Promoting Interoperability scoring requirements, which no longer consists of a bonus score component











#### Basics:

- 25% of Final Score in 2019
- Must use 2015 Edition Certified EHR Technology (CEHRT) in 2019
- New performancebased scoring
- 100 total category points

#### **Reporting Requirements**

#### Year 2 (2018) Final

- Comprised of a base, performance, and bonus score
- Must fulfill the base score requirements to earn a Promoting Interoperability score

#### Year 3 (2019) Final

- Eliminated the base, performance, and bonus scores
- New performance-based scoring at the individual measure level
- Must report the required measures under each Objective, or claim the exclusions if applicable







Promoting Interoperability Performance Category



#### Basics:

- 25% of Final Score in 2019
- Must use 2015 Edition Certified EHR Technology (CEHRT) in 2019
- New performancebased scoring
- 100 total category points



#### Year 2 (2018) Final

 Two measure set options for reporting based on the MIPS eligible clinician's edition of CEHRT (either 2014 or 2015)

#### Year 3 (2019) Final

- One set of Objectives and Measures based on 2015 Edition CEHRT
- Four Objectives: e-Prescribing, Health Information Exchange, Provider to Patient Exchange, and Public Health and Clinical Data Exchange
- Added two new measures to the e-Prescribing Objective: Query of Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) and Verify Opioid Treatment Agreement





Promoting Interoperability Performance Category – Point Value

Objectives	Measures	Maximum Points
	• e-Prescribing	• 10 points
e-Prescribing	<ul> <li>Query of Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) (new)</li> </ul>	• 5 bonus points
	Verify Opioid Treatment Agreement (new)	• 5 bonus points
Support Electronic Referral Loops by Sending Health     Information (formerly Send a Summary of Care)		• 20 points
Exchange	Support Electronic Referral Loops by Receiving and Incorporating Health Information (new)	• 20 points
Provider to Patient Exchange		
Public Health and     Clinical Data     Exchange     Syndromic Surveillance Reporting      Immunization Registry Reporting     Electronic Case Reporting     Public Health Registry Reporting     Clinical Data Registry Reporting     Syndromic Surveillance Reporting		• 10 points





Promoting Interoperability Performance Category



#### Basics:

- 25% of Final Score in 2019
- Must use 2015 Edition Certified EHR Technology (CEHRT) in 2019
- New performancebased scoring
- 100 total category points

#### Scoring

To earn a score for the Promoting Interoperability Performance Category, a MIPS eligible clinician must:

- 1. User CEHRT for the performance period (90-days or greater)
- Submit a "yes" to the Prevention of Information Blocking Attestation
- 3. Submit a "yes" to the ONC Direct Review Attestation
- 4. Submit a "yes" for the security risk analysis measure
- Report the required measures under each Objective, or claim the exclusions if applicable



Promoting Interoperability Performance Category





#### Basics:

- 25% of Final Score in 2019
- Must use 2015 Edition Certified EHR Technology (CEHRT) in 2019
- New performancebased scoring
- 100 total category points

#### Scoring

#### Year 2 (2018) Final

- Fulfill the base score (worth 50%)
  by submitting at least a 1 in the
  numerator of certain measures
  AND submit "yes" for the Security
  Risk Analysis measure
  - Performance score (worth 90%) is determined by a performance rate for each submitted measure
- Bonus score (worth 25%) is available
- Maximum score is 165%, but is capped at 100%

#### Year 3 (2019) Final

- Performance-based scoring at the individual measure level
- Each measure will be scored on performance for that measure based on the submission of a numerator and denominator, or a "yes or no"
  - Must submit a numerator of at least one or a "yes" to fulfill the required measures
- The scores for each of the individual measures will be added together to calculate a final score
- If exclusions are claimed, the points will be allocated to other measures

Performance Threshold and Payment Adjustments



#### Year 2 (2018) Final

- 15 point performance threshold
- Additional performance threshold for exceptional performance bonus set at 70 points
- Payment adjustment could be up to +5% or as low as -5%\*
- Payment adjustment (and additional payment adjustment for exceptional performance) is based on comparing final score to performance threshold and additional performance threshold for exceptional performance



#### Year 3 (2019) Final

- 30 point performance threshold
- Additional performance threshold for exceptional performance bonus set at <u>75</u> points
- Payment adjustment could be up to +7% or as low as -7%\*
- Payment adjustment (and additional payment adjustment for exceptional performance) is based on comparing final score to performance threshold and additional performance threshold for exceptional performance

<sup>\*</sup>To ensure budget neutrality, positive MIPS payment adjustment factors are likely to be increased or decreased by an amount called a "scaling factor." The amount of the scaling factor depends on the distribution of final scores across all MIPS eligible clinicians.

# Questions?





## Additional Help for you

If you would like additional help, please contact us:

Practices with >15 eligible clinicians

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Practices with <= 15 eligible clinicians

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